

**In the Claims:**

Please amend the claims as follows:

1-44. (Cancelled)

45. (Previously Presented) A medical system to analyze brain waves of a subject comprising:

- (a) an active EEG (electroencephalograph) electrode detecting a subject's brain waves;
- (b) a stimulus generator providing to the subject concurrent sense stimuli in a plurality of stimulus modes, the stimuli in a first one of the modes being at a frequency  $F_1$  and the stimuli in a second one of the modes being at a frequency  $F_2$ ;
- (c) an amplifier amplifying and digitizing the detected brain waves;
- (d) a processor receiving the digitized brain waves from (c) and producing subject brain wave F ratio data as a function of a power of brain responses at each of  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  in the presence and absence of stimulation;
- (e) a computer comparing the subject brain wave F ratio data from (d) with one of brain wave F ratio data generated as a function of one of (i) data from a control group of patients and (ii) data generated by the subject in the presence and absence of stimulation;
- (f) an output coupled to the computer and producing a warning when the comparison of (e) indicates one of injury to and dysfunction of one of the subject's spinal cord, brain stem and brain; and
- (g) a modulator modulating a carrier wave and the amplified brain waves to generate an audio signal therefrom.

46. (Previously Presented) The medical system according to claim 45, wherein a statistical evaluation of computed measures from a subject is determined by computing a Z-score, where  $Z = (M-P)/6$ , wherein M is a mean value of a normative distribution, P is a current measure from the subject and 6 is a standard deviation of a control age- matched population.

47. (Previously Presented) The medical system according to claim 45, further comprising:  
a radio broadcast transmitter; and

a headband situating thereon the electrode, the amplifier and the radio broadcast transmitter.

48. (Previously Presented) A medical system to analyze brain waves of a subject, comprising:

- (a) an active EEG (electroencephalograph) electrode detecting a subject's analog brain waves;
- (b) connection means removably connecting the electrode to a subject's head;
- (c) an amplifier situated on the connection means, the amplifier amplifying the detected brain waves;
- (d) a radio transmitter situated on the connection means, the radio transmitter generating a brain wave broadcast signal based on the detected analog brain waves, the radio transmitter broadcasting the brain wave broadcast signal;
- (e) a receiver receiving and amplifying the brain wave broadcast signal;
- (f) a selectively adjustable filter separating one of a single frequency band and a group of frequency bands from a brain wave frequency spectrum represented by the brain wave broadcast signal to generate a frequency band signal; and
- (g) sound generator coupled to the receiver, the sound generator converting the frequency band signal into a sound, corresponding to the analog brain waves.

49. (Previously Presented) The medical system according to claim 48, wherein the connection means includes a headband.

50. (Cancelled)

51. (Previously Presented) The medical system according to claim 48, wherein the group of frequency bands includes at least one of a delta band, a theta band, an alpha band, a beta band and the entire brain wave frequency spectrum.

52. (Previously Presented) A medical system for analyzing brain waves of a subject at a location remote from the subject, the system comprising:

- (a) an EEG (electroencephalograph) electrode for detecting brain waves of the subject;
- (b) attachment means coupled to the electrode and removably attaching the electrode

to a head of the subject;

- (c) an amplifier connected to the electrode for amplifying the detected brain waves;
- (d) a transmitter situated on the attachment means and broadcasting a signal based on the amplified brain waves;
- (e) a remote receiver receiving the brain wave signal;
- (f) a selectively adjustable filter separating one of a single frequency band and a group of frequency bands from a brain wave frequency spectrum represented by the brain wave broadcast signal to generate a frequency band signal;
- (g) an output device generating an output signal based on the frequency band signal for analysis by an operator to determine the existence of brain dysfunction; and
- (h) a processor analyzing the frequency band signal to determine the existence of brain dysfunction, wherein the output device generates an audible warning signal when the analysis of the frequency band signal is indicative of brain dysfunction.

53. (Cancelled)

54. (Previously Presented) The medical system according to claim 52, wherein the attachment means includes a patch and the electrode includes an active electrode, a reference and a ground.

55. (Previously Presented) The medical system according to claim 52, wherein the transmitter includes one of a radio transmitter and a cellular telephone.

56. (Cancelled)

57. (Cancelled)

58. (Cancelled)

59. (Cancelled)

60. (Cancelled)

61. (Cancelled)

62. (Cancelled)

63. (Cancelled)

64. (Cancelled)

65. (Previously Presented) The medical system according to claim 52, wherein the attachment means includes a headband.

66. (Previously Presented) The medical system according to claim 52, comprising:  
at least three electrodes;  
three amplifiers; and  
reference and ground electrodes.

67. (Cancelled)

68. (Previously Presented) A medical method to analyze brain waves of a subject, comprising the steps of:

- (a) removably connecting an active EEG (electroencephalograph) electrode to a head of the subject;
- (b) detecting the subject's analog brain waves;
- (c) amplifying the detected brain waves using an amplifier situated on a device connecting the EEG electrode to a head of the subject;
- (d) broadcasting a brain wave broadcast signal, generated based on the detected analog brain waves, using a transmitter situated on the device connecting the EEG to the subject's head;
- (e) receiving and amplifying the brain wave broadcast signal using a hand-held radio receiver;
- (f) selectively separating one of a single frequency band and a group of frequency bands from a brain wave frequency spectrum represented by the brain wave broadcast signal to generate a frequency band signal; and
- (g) generating a sound based on the frequency band signal using the hand-held receiver.

69. (Previously Presented) The medical system according to claim 48, further comprising:

- (h) a processor performing a split-half replication on the brain wave broadcast signal to detect asymmetry in the brain waves.